



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## BRITISH HONDURAS.

*Report from Belize—Fruit port.*

BELIZE, BRITISH HONDURAS, July 6, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that I have inspected the steamer *Stillwater*, Galt, 32 in crew; 9 passengers—3 in transit, 6 from Belize; cargo—fruit, mail, coffee; she clears to-day for New Orleans. I have also inspected the *Managua*, Olsweik, clearing to-day for Mobile; 16 in crew; 7 passengers—4 in transit, 3 from Belize; cargo, fruit; 26 pieces of baggage fumigated. Health conditions continue satisfactory. I send under separate cover report of registrar-general for 1899.

Respectfully,

NORWOOD K. VANCE,

*Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

*U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.*

## COLOMBIA.

*Yellow fever at Barranquilla.*

BARRANQUILLA, COLOMBIA, June 18, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that yellow fever has appeared in this city, and in compliance with the consular regulations I made an effort this morning to advise the Department by cable.

I am informed, however, that there is no telegraphic communication between this place and Buenaventura, the point to which all cables from this place must be transmitted in the first instance by telegraph, and I have therefore no more rapid means of communication than the mail boat, which is expected to leave Savanilla (Puerto Colombia) to-morrow morning, June 19.

During the last week there have been 18 deaths officially reported from the above-named disease, and I have learned this morning that there are about 22 additional cases in the hospitals.

Thus far the ravages of the disease have been confined principally to the Government troops stationed here, although some others have died.

Owing to the dangerous navigation at the mouth of the Magdalena River, no ocean steamers come to Barranquilla; ocean freight and passengers to or from Barranquilla are discharged or embarked at Puerto Colombia (Savanilla), a point 17½ miles distant from this city, and connected with it by railway.

Respectfully,

W. IRWIN SHAW,

*United States Consul.*

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

*Report from Bocas del Toro—Fruit port.*

BOCAS DEL TORO, COLOMBIA, July 1, 1900

SIR: I have the honor to submit report for the week ended July 1. The following vessels have been inspected and cleared: June 24, steamship *Ethelwold*, Henshaw, 23 crew, no passengers, Philadelphia, Pa. June 27, steamship *Brookline*, List, 31 crew, 4 passengers, 4 pieces of baggage, Baltimore, Md. June 28, steamship *Bodo*, Johannessen, 16 crew, no passengers, Mobile, Ala. June 29, steamship *Yumuri*, Boe, 16 crew, 1 officer's family, no passengers, Mobile, Ala. June 30, steamship *Harold*, Utne, 17 crew, no passengers, Mobile, Ala. July 1, steamship *Geo. Dumois*, Jentoft, 18 crew, no passengers, Mobile, Ala.